

27

3

Document Number Revision No:

JOB HAZARD ANALYSIS							
Project:			Task Members:				
Principle Contractor :							
Job / Task:							
Date:							
Prepared by: GUY BLACK, Managing Director	· A.C.	Н.					
REFERENCES							
Legislation & Codes of Practice		Austi	tralian Standards		(Indicate	"Y" if applicable)	
OSH Act 1984 & OSH Regulations 1996	х	AS 2601 – 2001 T	The demolition of structures		AS 1674.1 – Safety in welding & allied processes – fire		
C of P: Prevention of falls at the workpalce, 2004	х	AS 3850 – 2003 T	Tilt-up concrete construction		AS 2550.1 Cranes, hoists &	& winches. Safe use	х
C of P: Excavations 2005		AS 3600 – 2001 C	Concrete		AS 1742 Part 3 Traffic con	ntrol	
C of P: Formwork 2006 (QLD) AS 3012 – 2003 I demolition sites			Electrical installations – construction and		(Commonwealth) Work Hea	alth and Safety Act 2011	х
C of P: Manual Handling, 2005	х	AS 2865 – 1995 S	Safe Working in Confined spaces		(Commonwealth) Work Hea	alth and Safety Regs 2011	х
C of P: Asbestos 2005 Management and control of asbestos in workplaces (NOHSC: 2018 – 2005)		AS 1891.4 – 2000 Selection and use.	D Industrial fall arrest system and devices. Part 4		(Commonwealth) Code of F Australia)	Practice – Cranes (Safe Work	х
C of P: Concrete & masonary cutting & drilling		AS 1576.1 – 1995	5 Scaffolding Part 1 General requirements		Other		
C of P: Tilt-up & Precast Concrete Construction 2004		AS 4576 – 1995 G	Guidelines for Scaffolding				
C of P: First Aid, Workplace Amenities & PPE 2002	orkplace Amenities & PPE 2002 x AS 14001 – 19						
		AS 1418 – 2002 C	Cranes, hoists & winches, General requirements	x			
Reviewed by:	ntative	Position	 Signature		 Dat	//	
Document Title JHA for Mobile Crane			Responsible Officer:	Gar	y de Vries		

Authorised By

Revision Date

Guy Black

24/02/2016

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SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

PPE		Safety Equipment	Safety Equipment		
Safety Boots (Mandatory)	х	Fire extinguisher	x	Permit to Dig	
High Visibility Aparel (Mandatory)	х	Welding Screens		Hot Work Permit	
Safety Helmet (Mandatory)	х	Warning signs (indicate type)		Confined Space Permit	
Safety Glasses	х			Isolation / Lockout Permit	
Safety Harness / Fall arrest system					
Respirator or dust mask					
Hearing protection					
Full Face Shield					
Gloves	х				
Protective clothing	х				

SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

Competencie	Plant & Equipment				
Dogman	х	Teleporter			
Rigger		Scissor Lift			
Crane	х	Working at Heights			
Forklift		Demolition			
Materials Hoist					
Personnel Hoist					
Tilt-up Construction					
Boomlift					
Scaffolding					

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	Job Step (Break the job down into steps)	Potential Hazard (What can harm you)	Initial Risk	Controls (What are you going to do to make the job as safe as possible) (See Risk Control Hierarchy)	Residual Risk
1	Travel to site	Traffic Accident	Med	Drive in accordance with road conditions and road rules. Operator is fit for work	Low
2	Access Job site	Risk to pedestrians Crossing footpath. Risk of breaking Footpath	High	Spotter must be employed to safely guide crane over pedestrian areas. Load distribution mats to be used if driving over footpath	Med
3	Is there Power lines nearby	Electrocution if crane too close to power lines	High	Crane must remain clear of power lines as per legislation. Spotter must be employed if crane is able to accidently go too close too power	Med
4	Set up crane	Risk of breaking footpath Risk to road users	High	Ensure ground is level within crane tolerances. Protect footpath if risk of damage	Med
5	Secure work area	Risk to public near crane work area. Risk of workers walking under the load	High	Secure work area to restrict unauthorized access Ensure lift corridor clear of all personell	Med
6	Rigging of loads	Risk of load falling or breaking slings	High	Trained and licensed dogman to sling the load Correct size SWL slings must be used	Med
7	Lifting of load	Risk of load hitting parts of Building Risk of load being uncontrolled Unacceptable line of sight from dogman to crane	High	Rigger / Dogman to direct the crane movements at all times. Tag lines must be used to control load Two way radio communication must be used at all times if dogman not visible	Low
8	Releasing of load	Risk of load falling off structure	High	Load must be secure and stable in final position	Med
9	Pack up and leave site	Risk to pedestrians Crossing footpath	High	Spotter must be employed to safely guide crane over pedestrian areas.	Med
10	Other				

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(F)	Job Step k the job down into steps)	Potential Hazard	Initial	Controls	Residual
(Brea	k the Job down Into Steps)	(What can harm you)	Risk	(What are you going to do to make the job as safe as possible)	Risk

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SIGN-OFF SHEET

I have taken part in the development of this JHA / have been briefed on and understand the contents of this JHA.

	Name	Trade/Position	Signature	Date
1				
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Risk Assessment Matrix

		Consequence Severity					
	Insignificant	Minor	Moderate	Major	Catastrophic		
Almost Certain	High	High	Extreme	Extreme	Extreme		
Likely	Medium	High	High	Extreme	Extreme		
Possible	Low	Medium	High	Extreme	Extreme		
Unlikely	Low	Low	Medium	High	Extreme		
Rare	Low	Low	Medium	High	High		

Risk Control Hierarchy

Most effective	Least Effort	1. Elimination
		2. Substitution
		3. Engineering Controls
		4. Administrative Controls
Least effective	Most Effort	5. Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)